EVALUATION OF LONG-TERM BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY OF BEVACIZUMAB 25.0 mg/mL (AVASTIN ®) BY AN AD HOC ELISA METHOD

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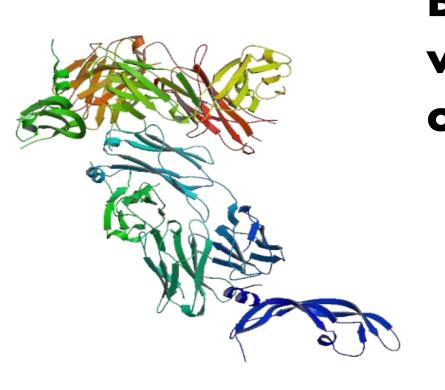
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BACKGROUND

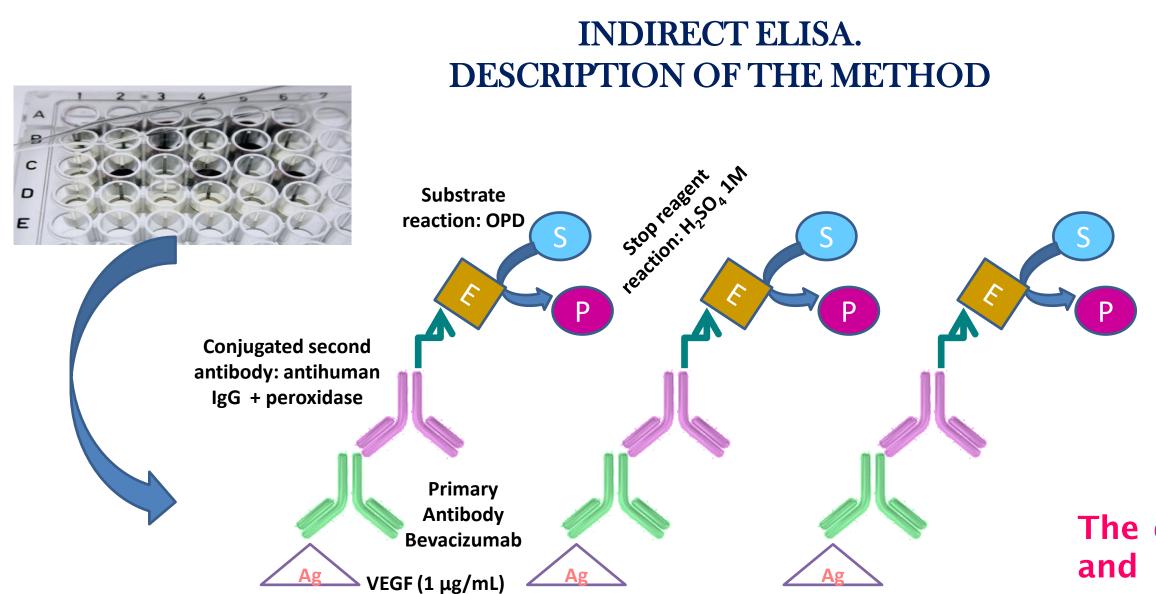
Bevacizumab (BVZ), the active substance of Avastin® (25 mg/mL BVZ), is a humanized antivascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF) monoclonal antibody indicated in the treatment of several cancers.



PURPOSE AND OBJECTIVE

To evaluate the post-biological activity that remains in the medicine Avastin® after opening single-use vials in long term study.

EXPERIMENTAL



An ad hoc indirect non-competitive ELISA was developed and validated as stability indicating to test Biological Activity of BVZ.



VALIDATION OF IMMUNOASSAY

The developed ELISA test has been validated in terms of calibration function, sensitivity as detection and quantification limits, accuracy (as % of recovery), and precision (as intraday and interday reproducibility % RSD).

			CALIBR	ATION FUN	CTION		
	1.60						
	1.40					•	
	1.20	-					
ance	1.00						
Absorbance	0.80	_ 3	y = 0.1802ln(x) + 0.9086				
Ab	0.60	-		$R^2 = 0.9$)892		
	0.40	_					
	0.20						
	0.00		40	4.5	20	25	20
		0 5	_	15 centration (μ	20 g /mL)	25	30

DETECTION LIMIT	0.10 μg/mL
QUANTITATION LIMIT	0.35 μg/mL
SENSING RANGE	0.35-25.0 μg/mL
DETECTION INTERVAL	0.10-0.35 µg/mL

RECOVERY		
CONCENTRATION (µg /ml) n= 8	AVERAGE ABSORBANCE (450-620 nm)	% RECOVERY
2.5	0.8921	96.68 %
0.5	0.3604	98.20 %
0.01	0.0529	94.46 %

REPEATABIL			
CONCENTRATION (μg/ml)	STANDARD DEVIATION	AVERAGE ABSORBANCE (450-620 nm)	COEFFICIENT OF VARIATION (%)
	REPEAT	ABILITY	
2.5	0.01089	0.7571	1.43 %
0.5	0.00856	0.3568	2.39 %
0.01	0.00454	0.0619	7.34%
	REPROD	UCIBILITY	
2.5	0.05538	0.8557	6.47 %
0.5	0.02898	0.3619	8.00 %
0.01	0.00716	0.1279	5.60 %

RESULTS

Stability Study

DRUG DEGRADATION STUDY

CONCENTRATION	25.0 mg/mL \rightarrow Abs. reference: 0.7117
STRESS CONDITIONS (24 h)	AVERAGE ABSORBANCE
NaOH 0.1 M	0.2468
HCl 0.1 M	0.2860
H ₂ O ₂ 1% (v/v)	0.6493
H ₂ O ₂ 10% (v/v)	0.6450
NaCl 1.5 M	0.6815
50°C	0.6740
70 °C	0.0575
UV 50°C 250 w/n	0.5470

Residual biological activity remained in all samples submitted to the stress except in samples heated at 70°C.

CROSS REACTIONS STUDY				
BVZ ANTIGEN	BIOPHARMACEUTICAL	AVERAGE ABSORBANCE		
VEGF 0.25 μg /mL	TRZ 0.5 μg /mL	0.0513		
VEGF 0.25 μg /mL	RTX 0.5 μg /mL	0.0727		
VEGF 0.25 μg /mL	IFX 0.5 μg / mL	0.0507		
VEGF 0.25 μg /mL	CTX 0.5 μg / mL	0.0543		

There were not cross reactions with the rest of biopharmaceuticals analyzed.

Stability for BVZ samples 25 mg/mL stored at 4°C and -20°C and protected from dark STORED 4 ■ STORED - 20

Surplus samples of Avastin® from the daily use of the Hospital Pharmacy Unit were stored at 4°C and -20°C protected from dark. Biological activity was tested up for 57 days.

day 1 day 57 **CONTROL DAY**

The biological activity of Avastin® was higher than 98% at day 1, and higher than 95% at day 2, but decreased 15% the initial biological activity at day 3. This value kept through the study (57 days) for the two storage conditions tested.

CONCLUSIONS

Regarding biological activity, the stability of Avastin® at the conditions used both refrigerated (4°C) and frozen (-20°C) was kept for two days. Considering the limit of +/-10% used in practical stability studies, it can not be considered stable from day 3 since the loss of biological activity was 15%. These results will be further investigated by flow cytometry.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS