

Stability of bortezomib 1mg/mL solution in polypropylene syringes Application to the daily practice of a centralized unit

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INTRODUCTION

Bortezomib is widely used mainly for the treatment of multiple myeloma. The stability of reconstituted bortezomib solution is 8 hours in syringes according to the manufacturer, and only 5 days at 2-8°C and 3 days at room temperature according to Andre and al ¹. This short stability makes difficult to prepare in advance standardized doses in syringes without any risk of losing the syringes if the administration is cancelled or postponed.

OBJECTIVE

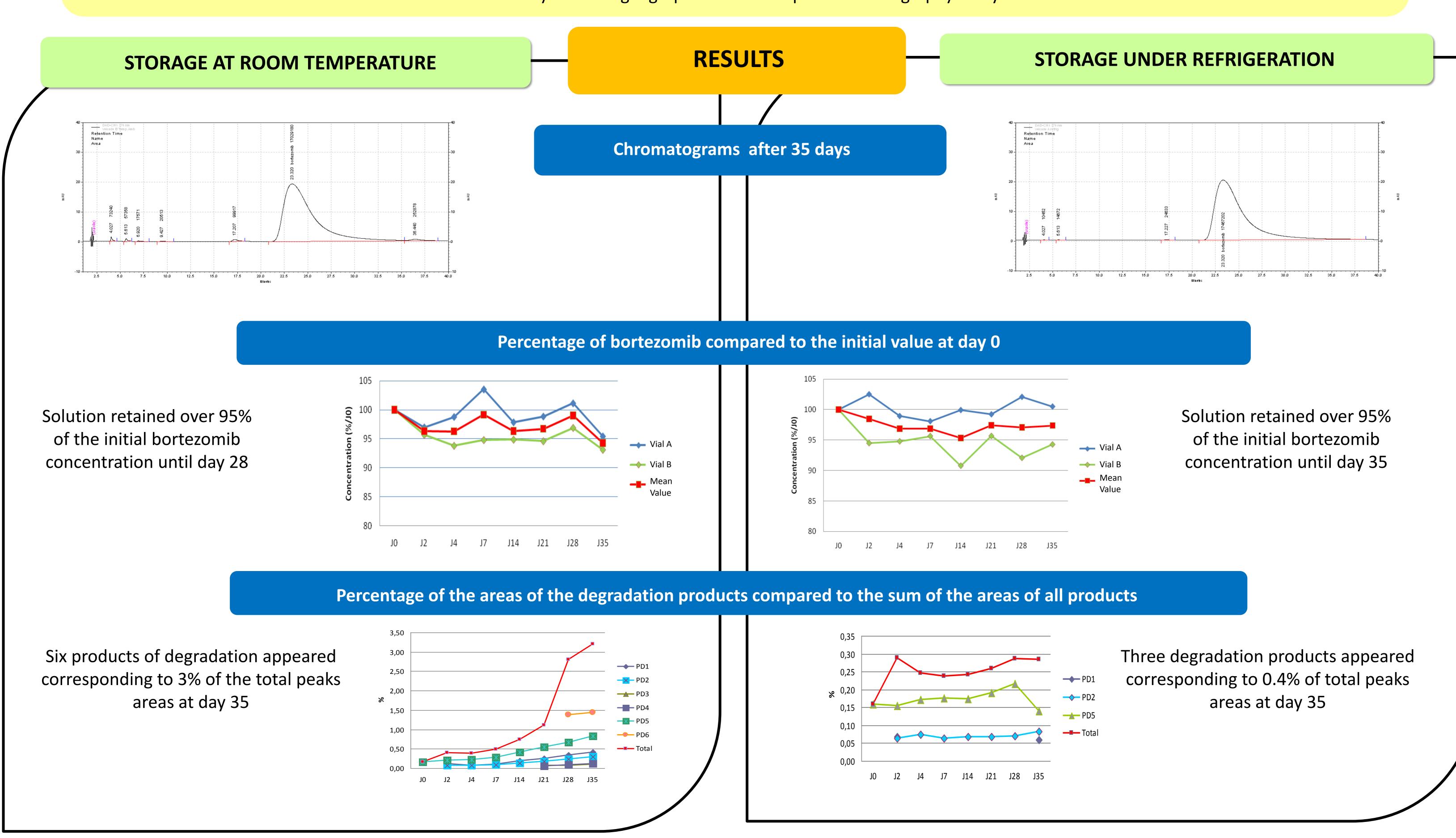
The aim of our study is to investigate the long –term stability of 1mg/mL bortezomib solution in syringes over 35 days to prepare the syringes in advance.

METHOD

Four syringes were prepared after reconstitution of 3.5mg of bortezomib with 3.5mL 0.9% sodium chloride to obtain a 1mg/mL solution.

Two were stored under refrigeration (2-8°C) and two at room temperature.

Criteria of stability were defined as retention of at least 95% of the initial drug concentration and as percentage of degradation products below 1%. After a visual inspection, samples of each syringe were analysed after preparation (day 0) and on days 2, 4, 7, 14, 21, 28, 35 with a stability-indicating high-performance liquid chromatography assay ².



DISCUSSION - CONCLUSION

Bortezomib 1 mg/mL solution in syringe was stable for 35days between 2-8°C Bortezomib 1 mg/mL solution in syringe was stable for 14 days at 25°C

or

APPLICATIONS

Preparation in advance of a large number of syringes at stardardized doses with a expiry date at 35 days

Immediate availability after addition of a label with the name of the patient on the day of the administration

No waiting time for the patient

Preparation in advance of standardized doses labelled for one patient

Immediate availability

No waiting time for the patient

Reallocation of syringe if injection is cancelled or postponed

Relabel with a secure procedure

No additional cost due to the advance preparation

At the University hospital of Nancy, France, during a six months period (July to december 2011) we have prepared standardized doses labelled for each patient the day before the administration.

247 syringes of Velcade [®] prepared in advance: considerable reduction of the waiting time for the patient in the wards **10** syringes reallocated (4%): more than **8 000** euro of loss avoided